Society has part to play in ensuring education for all

Govt will help but bursaries from private donors are more personal, says Vivian

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It is important to ensure that young Singaporeans have all the opportunities to get a tertiary education even if they are poor, and this is why bursaries set up by universities here are important, said Minister for Foreign Affairs Vivian Balakrishnan yesterday.

To this end, the Government began phasing in place policies from 20 years ago to make sure middle-income Singaporeans and those who are less well off do not feel a university education is out of reach because they cannot afford the fees.

Earlier this week, Prime Minister Lee Hsien Loong said at the National Day Rally that the Government will lower tertiary education fees and give out bigger bursaries.

But society, too, has a part to play, he said. Dr Balakrishnan at a fund raising held by the National University of Singapore Students' Union (Nussa), as he urged alumni to give generously to the Nussa and Nusson Alumni Bursary Fund (Endowed).

Dr Balakrishnan, who was a president of the student union council in his undergraduate days, was the guest of honour at the dinner, which raised $135,588.80 for the fund.

Quoting PM Lee's Rally speech, he said that whatever subsidies and bursaries given by the Government will not be as personal as bursaries that come from private donors.

"Not only the Government but society and the alumni at large will ensure that educational opportunities will always be open for all," he added.

Dr Balakrishnan made the point as he spoke on how young Singaporeans believe there should be equal opportunities for all.

This is one of three attributes that make them different from their peers elsewhere, he said.

The other two are a strong sense of national identity and having a real stake in Singapore's future.

Dr Balakrishnan said that though young people sometimes disagree on issues, each and every one of them instinctively feels Singaporean and shares a "sense of collective destiny and sense of being masters of our own future".

With the Government having built a "stake-holding society", like through the Housing Board scheme that has ensured high rates of home ownership, young people here also recognise they have a stake in Singapore's success and progress, he added.

"But the model of bricks and mortar is this sense that we're in it together and that if we take liberties with our own future, we have real stakes to lose," he said when elaborating on how young Singaporeans differ from those elsewhere.

"Without naming names, this question has become even more salient in recent times," he added.

Young people here have been compared by some commentators with those in Hong Kong, who are the force driving the pro-democracy demonstrations that have rocked the territory for three months.

At the dinner, Dr Balakrishnan also touched on the history of NUS. Its predecessor, the University of Malaya, was formed when the King Edward VII College of Medicine and Raffles College merged.

Dr Balakrishnan said both the medical school and NUS were set up in part to give Singaporeans an equal opportunity in education, because the British as Singapore's colonial masters had treated locals as second-class.

He said that as Singapore marks its bicentennial this year, it was important to know the history and context of developments here.