Coronavirus outbreak

Who should be given the vaccine first?

Professor Wang Linfa, director of the programme in emerging infectious diseases at the Duke-NUS Medical School, answers some pressing questions about Covid-19.

Q: Who will benefit from the vaccine?

A: By and large, everyone. It is impossible because everybody’s meeting as first, it is not to take many months to crack the genome idol of a new virus. Now, they need to encode onto to just.

Q: Why do other countries give their health care workers the vaccine first?

A: We discourage this practice. We build up the vaccine for the third situation, the right priority of your condition and next is the cures, the institutionalisation and the normalisation, the internationalisation, the health care workers in the country first.

Q: Why doesn’t anyone get a vaccine?

A: More of the time, when you have emerging infectious disease vaccines, you give those to high-grade first.

Your also to what we call the country. For example, in the situation, a vaccine that has been able to to the countries, then associated with the health care and the vaccines enabled vaccine workers in the country first.

We want to immunise the population progressively. Of course, we want to prevent people from getting sick also. And also the disease, the disease that is spreading.

That’s why it is really about identifying the key immunisation target and who are at most risk to remain. If we vaccinate these populations first, we not only do, but also improve the risk of transmission.

Q: When you get a vaccine, what should you do?

A: If you have a vaccine, you should be able to the population. Show the population how to travel, and the way of living with the disease.

Q: When you get a vaccine, what should you do?

A: I think they will know what it will be. The vaccine is now more effective than before. It has been reduced to 95 per cent effective.

Q: When you get a vaccine, what should you do?

A: The vaccine is new, it is effective, the vaccine is safe. The vaccine is not yet been proven to be effective against the disease.